

Energy efficiency thanks to waste heat recovery: Siemens innovative concept for the glass industry

- Good reasons for invest in waste heat recovery
- Technical concept and typical system configuration
- Siemens portfolio for WHR plants
- References
- Scope of supply and financing offer

Good reasons for invest in waste heat recovery

Savings

- Heating in winter and cooling in summer
- Increase of productivity
- Reduction of energy consumption costs
- Fast amortization within a few years (4 to 6 years based on electricity tariff)
- No additional personal required in control room

Safety of investment

- Less dependency on external sources of energy
- Less dependency on constant rising energy costs
- Installation without influence on the production process
- Installation during line operation possible if bypass is available
- Use of standard components
- SIEMENS with strong experience in power plants

Environmental protection

- Improvement of environmental protection
- Prevention of CO2 restrictions
- Gain in green image



Waste heat to electrical power Technical concept

SIEMENS



Working principle of an industrial waste heat recovery plant



Typical technical concept and scope



Waste Heat Recovery System with various options



© Siemens AG 2012. All Rights Reserved. Industry Sector

SIEMENS

Example of a multi-line concept: 2 glass lines with one turbo generator

SIEMENS



Industrial waste heat recovery solution Electrical power output for glass plants

Example for a conventional float glass furnace:

waste heat flow:80.000 Nm³/htemperature:450° Celectrical power output:2 MW

Example for two hollow glass furnaces

(combination of the 2 waste gas flow on 1 boiler, see next slide / 2 lines concept, alternative 3)

waste heat flow:	48.000 Nm³/h + 60.000 Nm³/h
temperature:	400° C
electrical power output:	2 MW

© Siemens AG 2012. All Rights Reserved. Industry Sector



SIEMENS

Estimated electrical output depends mainly on Waste heat flow and furnace exit temperature

Assumption: minimum T° at basis of stack = 180° C 140000 120000 waste heat flow (Nm3/h) 00000 80000 5 MW 4,5 MW 60000 4 MW 3,5 MW 3 MW 40000 2,5 MW 2 MW 1,5 MW 20000 1 MW 0,5 MW 0 300 350 400 450 500 550 600 650 700 750 800 850 900 T° exit furnace (°C)

SIEMENS



WHR as integrated part of a glass plant



12. All Rights Reserved. Industry Sector

Siemens portfolio for the glass manufacturing

Process Application	Batch	Furnace	Waste heat recovery	Forming	Cooling	Cold end	further processing	Utilities
MES-solution	\checkmark					\checkmark		
Plant Wide Automation solution	V	V	V	V	V	\mathbf{N}	V	V
Local operating / Monitoring	V		V				\mathbf{N}	V
Automation	V	V	V	V	$\mathbf{\overline{\mathbf{A}}}$	V	V	V
Field instrumentation	V	V	V	V	$\mathbf{\overline{A}}$		\mathbf{N}	V
Drives, Motion Control	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Medium and Low voltage distribution incl. MCC			Ø	Ø	V		M	V
Turbine and generator system			Ø					

APC: Advanced Process Control SPC: Statistical Process Control

Il Rights Reserved. Industry Sector

Automation architecture and energy distribution



Automation architecture and energy distribution



Industry Sector

Modular Equipment – Steam turbine with generator



TWIN-TURBINE





SIEMENS

Project: Glass Factory Magdeburg

Steam Turbine Type: SST-110 (former TWIN CA 56) Start-up : 2009

Live Steam Pressure:40.00 barLive steam temperature: $380 - 424^{\circ}$ CIntermediate Pressure:1.21 - 8.00 barExhaust Steam Pressure:0.20 - 0.35 barElectrical Output:3170 kWe

© Siemens AG 2012. All Rights Reserved.

Industry Sector

Waste Heat Recovery Boiler



Industry Sector

WHR plants in operation with SIEMENS products

Germany

- Float Glass: Euroglas in Osterweddingen, 3 MW electrical power
- Float Glass: F-Glass in Osterweddingen,
 2.5 MW electrical power

Belarus

Float Glass: Gomel,3 MW electrical power



Waste heat recovery plant with 2.5 MW electrical power output f|Glass, Germany, Float glass 700 t/day



60 % of electricity produced by furnace waste heat flow !



Highly advanced energy recovery and reliable control technology

One of the project partners was Siemens. The company supplied automation technology for the plant and the turbines for energy recovery. Osterweddingen is one of the first glass plants in the world to recover a large part of the process waste heat using a modern heat recovery system. The system's most important component is a compact Siemens industrial steam turbine with a rated capacity of 2.5 megawatts, which f | glass uses to generate electrical energy from the waste heat in the process exhaust air. The energy recovery system not only saves energy, but, according to Räbiger, "the energy recovery process also helps ensure process security. By producing 60 percent of the electricity required for the float-glass plant ourselves, we are better able to cope with a power outage, for example."

* CEO Dr. Ing. Wolfgang Räbiger in Glassfocus 2010

Thank you for your attention !



Mail to :

gs.india@siemens.com

Internet: <u>http://siemens.com/glass-</u> solar-industry

